

Title: A comparative overview of data protection in e-commerce .docx
Date: 05/15/2022
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Match #167% similar

Keywords: GDPR, Data protection, e-commerce, USA legislation, Republic of North Macedonia, AlbaniaINTRODUCTIONPrivacy is defined as ability of an individual or group to seclude themselves or information about themselves and thus express themselves selectively is referred to as privacy

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Privacy>

... For other uses, see **Privacy** (disambiguation). **Privacy** (UK: /ˈpɹɪvəsiː/, US: /ˈpraɪ-/)[1][2] **is the ability of an individual or group up to seclude themselves or information about themselves, and thereby express themselves selectively.** When something **is** private **to** usually means that something is inherently special or sensitive to them. The domain of privacy partially overlaps with security, which can include the concepts of appropriate use and protection of information. Privacy may also take the form of bodily integrity. The right not to be subjected to unsanctioned invasions of...

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The domain of privacy partially overlaps with the domain of security, which can include concepts such as appropriate use and information privacy and protection

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Privacy>

...For other uses, see Privacy (disambiguation). Privacy (UK: /ˈpɹɪvəsiː/, US: /ˈpraɪ-/)[1][2] is the ability of an individual or group to seclude themselves or information about themselves, and thereby express themselves selectively. When something is private to a person, it usually means that something is inherently special or sensitive to them. **The domain of privacy partially overlaps with security, which can include the concepts of appropriate use and protection of information. Privacy** may also take **the** form **of** The right not to be subjected to unsanctioned invasions of privacy by the government, corporations, or individuals is part of many countries' privacy laws, and in some cases, constitutions. The concept of universal individual privacy is a modern concept primarily associated with Western culture, particularly British and North American,...

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The right not to be subjected to unlawful invasions of privacy by the government, corporations, or individuals is enshrined in many countries' privacy laws and, in some cases, constitutions

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Privacy>

...themselves selectively. When something is private to a person, it usually means that something is inherently special or sensitive to them. The domain of privacy partially overlaps with security, which can include the concepts of appropriate use and protection of information. Privacy may also take the form of bodily integrity. **The right not to be subjected to** unsanctioned **invasions of privacy by the government, corporations, or individuals is** part **of many countries' privacy laws, and in some cases, constitutions. The** concept of universal individual privacy is a modern concept primarily associated with Western culture, particularly British and North American, and remained virtually unknown in some cultures until recent times. Now, most cultures recognize the ability of individuals to withhold certain parts of personal information from wider society. With the rise...

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While the right to privacy and the right to personal data protection are both fundamental rights enshrined in Article 8 of the EU Charter of Human Rights, they are regulated differently in different countries around the world

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210423090726/https://pdpecho.c...>

...things due to their wide material scope of application which could potentially cover all data related to connected devices. Protecting the fundamental right to confidentiality With the proposal for an ePrivacy regulation distinct from the GDPR, the EU makes it clear that the two sets of rules correspond to **different fundamental rights: The** GDPR is primarily an expression **of the fundamental right to the protection of personal data** as **enshrined in Article 8 of the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights, while the** ePrivacy draft regulation details **the right to** respect for private life, as **enshrined in Article 7 of the Charter** (see Recital 1 of the proposal). This differentiation is of great consequence, affecting the manner in which EU courts will interpret and apply the rules. The protection of the right to private life is construed so as to restrict interferences to the private life to the minimum, whereas the right...

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With the advancement of technology and the Internet, e-commerce has undoubtedly grown drastically

<http://web.archive.org/web/20200728092432/http://fordhamla...>
...& Events Contact Tell the Smart House to Mind Its Own Business!: Maintaining Privacy and Security in the Era of Smart Devices By Kathryn McMahon Abstract Consumers want convenience. That convenience often comes in the form of everyday smart devices that connect to the internet and assist with daily tasks. **With the advancement of technology and the "Internet of** more than ever before. Not only do consumers want convenience, they want to trust that their product is performing the task that they purchased it for and not exposing them to danger or risk. However, due to the increasing capabilities and capacities of smart devices, consumers are less likely to...

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E-commerce development was, of course, faster in countries with higher levels of economic development

https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=3931431
...firms from 73 emerging economies on four continents were analyzed to examine how a firm's marketing capabilities affect its performance. The results show that the relationship is systematically moderated by the level of institutional development in an emerging market. Economic conditions, legislative institutions and social values all have an impact. a stronger performance impact **in countries with higher levels of economic development** in individualistic societies. These capabilities have a weaker impact in countries with strong legislative systems Keywords: marketing capabilities, performance, institutions, economic growth, legislative systems, individualism emerging economies Suggested Citation: Suggested Citation Wu, Jie and Wu, Jie, Marketing Capabilities, Institutional Development, and the Performance of Emerging Market Firms: A Multinational Study...

Match #771% similar

E-commerce has many advantages of which the most important are the convenience and the global choice of goods and services and it is considered that its growth whereas increasingly appropriate for sellers and customers alike

<https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/288375411.pdf>
...protection in the developing country and then evaluating the approaches' dispute resolution, enforcement and compliance monitoring processes for their applicability in the case of Nigeria. Benchmarks developed by the Australian government for Industry-Based Customer Dispute Resolution Schemes provide a suitable mechanism for evaluation. Keywords-E-commerce; Data protection ; Regulation; Nigeria; 1. **E commerce has many advantages of which the most important are the convenience and the global choice of goods and services and** can exerted an **increasingly important** impact 1 brought to you by COREView meta data, citation **and** by Loughborough University Institutional Repository https://core.ac.uk/display/288375411?utm_source=pdf&utm_medium=banner&utm_campaign=pdf-decoration-v1 on a country's economy. However, the emergence of e-commerce can also bring about a number of legal, socio-economic and trust issues, especially in developing nations where these issues pose significant challenges to the organisation of electronic commerce [1]. Many online businesses...

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As a result, many customers are concerned about their personal data being misused, which may reduce their trust in the website's services

<https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/288375411.pdf>
...from such data, or /and other information which is in the possession of, or is likely to come into the possession of, the data controller and includes any expression of opinion about the individual and any indication of the intentions of the data controller or any other person in of **the** individual". **Many customers are concerned about their personal data being** used inappropriately, and this could **reduce customers' trust in the website's services** Fear about privacy and the lack of trust continue to be the biggest obstacles to the growth of online commerce. The Internet industry is built on trust between businesses [4]. These developments have forced several nations of the world to enact legislation and procedures to protect the information privacy...

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69% similar

In light of the issues surrounding privacy and the protection of personal data, many countries around the world have enacted legislation and procedures to protect their citizens' and corporations' information privacy

<https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/288375411.pdf>

...many benefits to a country's economy and but **the** openness **o**
f the Internet has given rise misuse **of personal data**. Several
countries have enacted legislation and procedures to prot
ect the information privacy of their citizens and corporati
ons. However, **many** developing **countries**, yet to enact any pr
ocedures, despite the high level of identity theft and online fraud
. Different approaches to data privacy and protection are found i
n different countries. These can be generally categorised as the
self-regulation approach, as used in the United States and the go
vernment approach, as used in the...

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The main issues elaborated with the regulations, laws, and procedures are personal data protection principles such as: data minimization; data quality; purpose specification; use limitation; security safeguards; openness; individual participation and accountability

<https://www.oii.ox.ac.uk/news-events/reports/data-protection-p...>

...Century: Revising the 1980 OECD Guidelines By Fred H. Cate, P
eter Cullen, Viktor Mayer-Schönberger "Big data is on the rise, en
abling new forms of data use but also leading to new risks of dat
a misuse. However, it is guidelines drawn up in 1980 by the Orga
nisation for Economic Co-operation **and** Development (OECD) th
at have become **the** foundation for most national **laws** governin
g **data protection**. **The** OECD Guidelines took a comprehensive
approach, covering **data** collection, **data quality, purpose spe**
cification, use limitation, security safeguards, openness, i
ndividual participation, and accountability. **The principles**
laid out in the Guidelines were crafted for a simpler time when d
ata types and use were less complex; organizations collected dat
a from individuals, stored that data in a computer, and then mad
e deterministic uses and decisions about the individual based on
that data. Developed by an Oxford Internet Institute-led...

Match #11

96% similar

More than 20 years ago, the European Community felt a need to align data protection standards within their Member States in order to facilitate EU-internal, cross-border data transfers

<https://lamintang.org/journal/index.php/ijlapp/article/download/...>

...all these technologies are increasingly integrated. The form of t
elematics convergence is marked by the birth of new technology
products that integrate the capabilities of information systems a
nd communication systems based on computer systems arrange
d in a network of electronic systems, both in local, regional and g
lobal scope [1]. **More than 20 years ago, the European Com**
munity (now **the EU**) **felt a need to align data protection st**
andards within their Member States in order to facilitate
EU internal, cross border data transfers. At that time, nation
al data protection laws provided considerably different levels of p
rotection and could not offer legal certainty-neither for individual
s nor for data controllers and processors. In 1995, the European
Community therefore adopted Directive 95/46/EC of the Europea
n Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on...

Match #12

93% similar

At that time, national data protection laws provided considerably different levels of protection and could not offer legal certainty – neither for individuals nor for the legal entities (data controllers and processors)

<https://lamintang.org/journal/index.php/ijlapp/article/download/...>

...based on computer systems arranged in a network of electroni
c systems, both in local, regional and global scope [1]. More than
20 years ago, the European Community (now the EU) felt a need
to align data protection standards within their Member States in
order to facilitate EU-internal, cross-border data transfers. **At tha**
t time, national data protection laws provided considerabl
y different levels of protection and could not offer legal ce
rtainty neither for individuals nor for data controllers and
processors. In 1995, **the** Community therefore adopted Directiv
e 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24
October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the
processing of personal data and on the free movement of such d
ata (in short: the Data Protection Directive) in order to harmonise
the protection...

Match #13

70% similar

In contrast to the Data Protection Directive, the GDPR directly applies to the EU Member States

<https://lamintang.org/journal/index.php/ijlapp/article/download/...>

...the Data Protection Directive) in order to harmonise the protection of fundamental rights of individuals with regard to data processing activities and to ensure the free flow of personal data between EU Member States [2]. In 2016, the GDPR has been adopted to replace the Data Protection Directive from 1995. **In contrast to the Data Protection Directive, the** Regulation **directly applies to** its addressees no further implementation measures by **the EU Member States** required. By equalising the rules for data protection, the GDPR shall lead to more legal certainty and remove potential obstacles to the free flow of personal data [2]. One issue that will have to be considered is the GDPR's "erasure" right. Article 17 of the GDPR demands that companies erase...

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91% similar

By equalizing the rules for data protection, the Regulation shall lead to more legal certainty and remove the potential obstacles to the free flow of personal data

<https://lamintang.org/journal/index.php/ijlapp/article/download/...>

...ensure the free flow of personal data between EU Member States [2]. In 2016, the GDPR has been adopted to replace the Data Protection Directive from 1995. In contrast to the Data Protection Directive, the Regulation directly applies to its addressees-no further implementation measures by the EU Member States required. **By equalising the rules for data protection, the** GDPR **shall lead to more legal certainty and remove potential obstacles to the free flow of personal data** issue that will have to be considered is the GDPR's "erasure" right. Article 17 of the GDPR demands that companies erase the personal data of individuals when they request to be "forgotten". The GDPR does not define what "erasure of data" means, which suggests that, to comply with this requirement,...

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So, the GDPR requires controllers and processors to implement technical safeguards tailored to the nature, scope, context, and purposes of the processing, as well as the risks to individuals' rights and freedoms of varying likelihood and severity

<http://web.archive.org/web/20190429111849/http://refcco.com...>

...global turnover or 20 Million for violating the core of Privacy by Design concepts. The rules will separate roles and responsibilities of the data controllers and processors, obligating controllers to deal only with those processors that provide "guarantees to implement appropriate technical and organizational measures" to comply with regulations, data subjects' **rights. Controllers and processors** are required **to "implement** appropriate **technical and** organizational measures" taking into account **"the state of the art and the costs of implementation" and "the nature, scope, context, and purposes of the processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of individuals."** **Controllers and processors** to either an approved code of conduct or an approved certification may use these tools to demonstrate compliance. Fairness and Transparency Organizations must always process personal data lawfully, fairly, and in a transparent manner. Purpose Limitation Organizations can collect personal data only for specified, explicit, and legitimate purposes. They cannot...

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71% similar

In the United States, the laws aim to provide "reasonable" safeguards to protect the security, confidentiality, and integrity of private information by utilizing sectoral data protection

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...a comprehensive written information security plan (WISP) addressing 10 core standards, and (b) to establish and maintain a formal information security programme that satisfies eight core requirements, which range from encryption to information security training. In 2019, New York expanded its data breach notification law to include the express implement **and** maintain **"reasonable" safeguards to protect the security, confidentiality and integrity of private information.** Law§ 899-bb) identifies a series of administrative, technical, and physical safeguards which, if implemented, are deemed to satisfy New York's reasonableness standard under the law. Previously, New York prioritised the regulation of certain financial institutions doing business in the state, by setting minimum cybersecurity standards, with requirements for...

Match #17

81% similar

In states like Illinois is applicable a uniquely state law which imposes requirements on businesses that collect or otherwise obtain biometric information

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...physical safeguards which, if implemented, are deemed to satisfy New York's reasonableness standard under the law. Previously, New York prioritised the regulation of certain financial institutions doing business in the state, by setting minimum cybersecurity standards, with requirements for companies to perform periodic risk assessments and file annual compliance (NYCRR 500). **Illinois** has **a uniquely** expansive **state law** (740 ILCS 14/), **which imposes requirements on businesses that collect or otherwise obtain biometric information.** Illinois Biometric Information Privacy Act (BIPA) is notable as, at the time of writing, it is the only state law regulating biometric data usage that allows private individuals to sue and recover damages for violations. In January 2019, the Illinois Supreme Court offered an expansive reading of the protections of...

Match #18

67% similar

In the same vein, personal information in the hands of banks, insurance companies, and other financial service providers, is ensured, as is the restriction of use of information bearing

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...of 20 comprehensive privacy bills before the legislatures of 15 different states. 1. 3 Is there any sector-specific legislation that impacts data protection? Key sector-specific laws include those covering financial services, healthcare, telecommunications, and education. The Gramm Leach Bliley Act (GLBA) (15 U. S. Code§ 6802(a) et seq.) protection **of personal information in the hands of banks, insurance companies and other companies in the financial service** industry. This statute addresses "Non Public **Personal Information**" (NPI), which includes any **information** that a **financial** service company collects from its customers in connection with the provision of its services. It imposes requirements on financial service industry companies for securing NPI, restricting disclosure and use of NPI and notifying customers when NPI is improperly exposed to unauthorised persons. The Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA), as amended...

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78% similar

on an individual's creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, personal characteristic or mode of living to determine eligibility for credit, employment, or insurance, information relating to health status, provision of health

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...securing NPI, restricting disclosure and use of NPI and notifying customers when NPI is improperly exposed to unauthorised persons. The Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA), as amended by the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act (FACTA) (15 U. S. Code§ 1681), restricts use of information with a bearing **on an individual's creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity**, character, general reputation, **personal** characteristics **or mode of living to determine eligibility for credit, employment or insurance.** It also requires the truncation **of credit** card numbers **on** the secure destruction of certain types of personal information, and regulates the use of certain types of information received from affiliated companies for marketing purposes. In addition to financial industry laws and regulation, the major credit card companies require businesses that process, store or transmit payment card data to comply...

Match #20

73% similar

METHODOLOGYDue to various reasons, different approaches to data privacy and protection are found in the United States and the European Union, the self-regulation and government regulation approach respectively

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/307624884_Privacy_...

...set up a framework which incorporates the environmental context, ethical perspectives and firm-specific considerations to help firms develop a strategy for handling digital privacy concerns. Data privacy approaches from US and EU perspectivesArticleMay 2002 Gerhard SteinkeConsumers using the Internet often indicate that the privacy of their personal data is concern with **the** new technology. **Different approaches to data privacy and protection are found in the United States and the European Union** an emphasis on **self regulation in the** former versus strict legal requirements **in the** The implications of the recent "safe harbor" agreement may have a significant impact on privacy expectations in the US. Values, personal information privacy, and regulatory approachesArticleDec 1995COMMUN ACM Sandra MilbergSandra J. BurkeH. Jeff SmithErnest A. KallmanThe relationships among nationality, cultural values, personal information privacy concerns, and information privacy regulation...

Match #21

75% similar

4 trillion US dollars in 2022. Online shopping is one of the most popular online activities worldwide

<https://finance.yahoo.com/news/digital-freight-forwarding-mark...>

...logistics industry is developing into a paperless digitized industry supporting the growth of the market. Key Market Trends Growth in E-Commerce driving Digital Freight Forwarding MarketIn 2019, retail e-commerce sales worldwide amounted to around 3.53 trillion US dollars and e-retail revenues are projected to grow even further at a pace **in the** coming few years. **Online shopping is one of the most popular online activities worldwide,** both domestic and cross-border e-commerce is booming in developing markets such as China, India, and Indonesia due to that reason. This encompasses not just direct-to-consumer retail, but also shipments of electronics, pharmaceuticals, and consumer packaged goods. With increasing access to the internet even the manufacturers of products are gradually moving...

Match #22

92% similar

Thereby the, Article 2 of the GDPR states that "the regulation applies to the processing of personal data wholly or partly by automated means and to the processing of personal data other than by automated means that form part of a filing system or are intended to form part of a filing system

<http://web.archive.org/web/20201130174405/https://www.itgov...>

...anywhere in the world that processes the data of EU residents. With the Regulation expanding the definition of personal data, many organizations are uncertain what the definition now includes. The scope of personal data Let's start with the circumstances under which the processing of personal data must meet the GDPR' requirements. **Article 2 of the GDPR states that the Regulation applies to "the processing of personal data wholly or partly by automated means and to the processing other than by automated means of personal data** which **form part of a filing system or are intended to form part of a filing** personal data? The GDPR's definition of personal data is broad. Article 4 states that "'personal data' means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person ('data subject')." It adds that: "An identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to...

Match #23

60% similar

" This applies to any processing of personal data and is important for businesses that deal with e-commerce

https://www.allenoverly.com/global/-/media/allenoverly/2_document...

...technology and data to combat and exit from the Covid-19 coronavirus crisis, in particular concerning mobile applications and the use of anonymised mobility data (Recommendation, see further in this document). The Toolbox aims to facilitate establishment of effective, interoperable app solutions throughout the EU that are based on privacy-enhancing minimise the **processing of personal data and** support cross border situations. **To this** essential apps requirements, including the epidemiological framework, technical functionalities, cross-border interoperability requirements and cybersecurity measures and safeguards; The press release about the Toolbox is available here. The Toolbox is available here. The press release about the data protection guidance is available here. The Data Protection Guidance is available here....

Match #24

80% similar

According to the European Union's Court of Justice in the case Google Spain SL-Google Inc

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210417094331/https://www.hipa...>

...million) GDPR fine by the Swedish Data Protection Authority (DPA) over the failure to comply with 'right-to-be-forgotten' requests from EU citizens to have web pages removed from its search engine listings. The right to be forgotten in the EU predates GDPR. It was first introduced in EU legislation in 2014 ruling by **the Court of Justice of the European in the case, Google Spain SL, Google Inc** Española de Protección de Datos, Mario Costeja González. The law requires search engines to remove links to freely accessible webpages that appear in search results generated from a search of an individual's name, if that individual requests the listing is removed and if certain conditions are satisfied. GDPR strengthened the...

Match #25

100% similar

extent than any other jurisdiction in the world

<https://www.jipitec.eu/issues/jipitec-9-2-2018/4723>

...operators, but impacts the vast majority of websites that collect the "click stream data" (surfing behaviour), [28] either through the use of cookies, ad banners or JavaScript. 29 In conclusion, Article 3(2) significantly increases the scope of EU data protection rules in a unilateral way, and to a greater **extent than any other jurisdiction in the world** has done until now. Even if it refers to the alleged voluntary conduct of the operator to justify the application of the regulation, in practice the application of the regulation almost "follows" the EU data. Given the sudden application of EU rules to many websites around the world, one may...

Match #26

60% similar

This is the case for occasional processing that does not affect special categories of personal data or personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences on a large scale and is unlikely to endanger individuals' rights and freedom. All three conditions must be met concurrently

https://transparency.mk/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/fight_mo...

...to request the restriction or suppression of the processing of their personal data. 91 That is, to move, copy, or transfer personal data from one data controller to another safely and securely, without affecting its usability. 50- require large scale, regular, and systematic monitoring of individuals (for example, **or consist of large scale processing of special categories of data or data relating to criminal convictions and offences**. 92 DPOs **must**: inform **and** advise **the** highest level **of** management **and** employees about obligations **to** comply with **the** Law; monitor compliance with **the** Law, **and** with **data** protection policies, including managing internal **data** protection activities, raising awareness of data protection issues, training staff, and conducting internal audits;- advise on, and to monitor, DPIAs;- cooperate with the DZLP; and- be the first point of contact for the DZLP and for individuals whose data is processed (employees, customers and others). 93 Finally,...

Match #27

68% similar

The primary responsibility of the representative is to act as a point of contact for Supervisory Authorities in order to ensure compliance with the GDPR, to keep the controller's records of processing activities, and to be subject to enforcement proceedings in the event of non-compliance by the data controller or processor

<https://www.jipitec.eu/issues/jipitec-9-2-2018/4723>

...as its name implies, is to represent foreign operators with regard to their obligations and create a point of contact between them and the EU authorities. More specifically, the representative is required to cooperate with the authorities regarding any action ordered to ensure compliance with the regulation. [48] 54 However, this function **and** actually elevate **the representative as a primary tool of enforcement**. Indeed, recital 80 provides that **the** designation **of** such **a representative** does not affect **the responsibility or** liability **of the** operator, but adds that **the representative** "should **be subject to enforcement proceedings in the event of non compliance by the controller or** processor". **In a** previous draft **of the** regulation, this statement was made under Article 27, before being displaced to the preamble of the regulation. Unfortunately, the regulation does not provide any details on the enforcement mechanisms in question. 55 There is much controversy as to whether a representative may incur some sort of liability, in addition to...

Match #28

60% similar

This is the GDPR's known obligation of transparency regarding the processing of personal data

<http://web.archive.org/web/20220117135244/http://fox-electro...>

...or cessation of processing due to fulfillment of the Processing Purpose for which the Consent was given and/ or cessation of processing due to decisions of the state body responsible for supervision over the processing of Personal Data. In all these cases, your Personal Data will be deleted If you have any questions **regarding the processing of the** above **Personal Data**, you would like to revoke this Consent for any reason and at any time, and if you consider it necessary to correct your Personal Data, please contact us in writing (by sending a registered mail, fax or e-mail) to the following address: Vimport d. o. o., Batajnički drum 23, 11000...

Match #29

77% similar

Transparency is about instilling trust in the processes that affect data subjects/users by allowing them to understand and, if necessary, challenge those processes; it is also an expression of the fairness principle

<http://ced.revistas.deusto.es/article/download/1756/2158>

...in advertising) about their use of credit history information and the impact that it can have on their decisions. In the European Union, and specifically in the context of the General Data Protection Regulation (from now on, GDPR)²³, the requirement for transparency is of particular importance. As the EDPB /WP2924 «**it is about engendering trust in the processes which affect the citizen by enabling them to understand, and if necessary, challenge those processes. It is also an expression of the principle of fairness in relation to the** of personal data expressed in Article 8 of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union»²⁵. The GDPR regulates the principle of transparency in Article 5 (a) -in accordance with Recital 39- and develops it in Article 12, which applies transversally to information, communications and modalities of exercise relating...

Match #30

79% similar

Regarding the records of data, it must include, among other things, information on the purposes of processing, the types of data affected, and a description of the technical and organizational security measures used

<https://www.scribd.com/book/375385348/Data-Protection-Officer>

...into compliance with the GDPR. Different organizational requirements will have to be fulfilled. Records of Processing Activities Controllers and processors will have to implement records of their processing activities that will-if thoroughly maintained-permit to prove compliance with the GDPR towards the Supervisory Authorities and help to fulfil the information towards **the data** subjects. **Records must** contain, inter alia, **information on the purpose of processing, the categories of data** that are **affected and a description of the technical and organizational security measures** TechnologyAll categoriesPublisher:Sarah TaylorReleased:Mar 31, 2018ISBN:9781386191209Format:BookAbout the authorSTSarah TaylorSarah Taylor has a BA in History and an MSLS. She enjoys reading and writing about history, playing piano, and going on park walks with her dog. You may find her at <https://beautifuldreamerdotcom.wordpress.com> and Goodreads at https://www.goodreads.com/author/show/21550493.Sarah_Taylor. Read...

Match #31

61% similar

In some cases, if the intended processing activity, particularly the use of new technologies, is likely to result in a high risk to data subjects' rights and freedoms, the entities planning or dealing with e-commerce must conduct a preventive Data Protection Impact Assessment

https://transparency.mk/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/fight_m...

...re-access and availability in case of physical or technical disruption; and• regular testing, assessment and evaluation of processing safety measures. Not later than 72 hours after having become aware of a personal data breach, the controller is obliged to notify the Agency, unless the personal data breach is **to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of** natural persons. Privacy **impact assessment (PIA): If some type of processing is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of** natural persons, **in** particular due **to the use of new technologies and** taking into account **the** nature, scope, circumstances **and** purpose **of processing**, before starting **the processing the** controller will assess its **impact** data protection. The Law further specifies cases in which an impact assessment is required. These include large-scale systematic surveillance in public areas, and systematic and comprehensive assessment of the status and characteristics of a natural person with the aid of automated processing, including profiling, etc. Under the previously adopted law...

Match #32

77% similar

" Furthermore, based on Article 12 of the GDPR it is thought that clear and plain language fulfills the requirement because information should be provided in as simple a manner as possible, avoiding complex sentence and language structures

<http://web.archive.org/web/20211225144743/https://gdprhub.e...>

...by way of contextual pop-ups which activate when a data subject fills in an online form, in an interactive digital context through a chatbot interface, etc). Clear and Plain Language[edit edit source] With written information (and where information is delivered orally, or by audio/ audiovisual methods, including for vision-impaired for **clear** communication **should be** followed. **The requirement for clear and plain language** means **that information should be provided in as simple a manner as possible, avoiding complex sentence and language structures. The information should be** and definitive; it should not be phrased in an abstract or ambivalent terms or leave room for different interpretations. In particular, the purposes of, and legal basis for, processing the personal data should be clear. Language qualifiers such as "may", "might", "some", "often" and "possible" should also be avoided. Where data...

Match #33

85% similar

The information should be concrete and definitive; it should not be phrased in abstract or ambiguous terms, nor should it leave room for multiple interpretations

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210511020057/https://www.lexol...>
...recommends written notification. The data controller should decide on the appropriate form of notification, taking into account all the circumstances of each particular case. Language The requirement for clear, plain language means that information should be provided in as simple a manner as possible, avoiding complex sentences and language structures. **The information should be concrete and definitive; it should not be phrased in abstract or** ambivalent **terms or leave room for** different **interpretations**. a few examples of 'do's' and 'don'ts'. Accessibility The 'easily accessible' requirement means that the data subject should not have to seek out the information. WP29 recommends that the data controller should ensure that it is immediately apparent where this information can be accessed, for example by providing it directly..

Match #34

98% similar

The GDPR introduces a general reporting duty of the controller towards the Supervisory Authorities in case of personal data breach

<http://cdsutherland.blogspot.com/2018/03/general-data-protec...>
...processors. Organizations will have to proactively fulfill many obligations towards the data subjects, such as granting information on processing, erasing personal data or rectifying incomplete personal data. Especially, the data subjects' right to data portability may challenge entities as they will have to provide datasets to their customers upon request. **The GDPR introduces a general reporting duty of the controller towards the Supervisory Authorities in case of a personal data breach**. Such breach might occur by way of a technical or physical incident. The notification has to take place within a 72-hour time frame after becoming aware of the breach. In case of an incident with a high risk for the rights and freedoms of the data subjects concerned, the...

Match #35

100% similar

Such breach might occur by way of a technical or physical incident

<http://cdsutherland.blogspot.com/2018/03/general-data-protec...>
...data or rectifying incomplete personal data. Especially, the data subjects' right to data portability may challenge entities as they will have to provide datasets to their customers upon request. The GDPR introduces a general reporting duty of the controller towards the Supervisory Authorities in case of a personal data breach. **Such breach might occur by way of a technical or physical incident**. The notification has to take place within a 72-hour time frame after becoming aware of the breach. In case of an incident with a high risk for the rights and freedoms of the data subjects concerned, the controller will have to communicate the breach also to them. In such...

Match #36

95% similar

The notification has to take place within 72-hour time frame after becoming aware of the breach

<http://cdsutherland.blogspot.com/2018/03/general-data-protec...>
...data portability may challenge entities as they will have to provide datasets to their customers upon request. The GDPR introduces a general reporting duty of the controller towards the Supervisory Authorities in case of a personal data breach. Such breach might occur by way of a technical or physical incident. **The notification has to take place within a 72-hour time frame after becoming aware of the breach**. In case of an incident with a high risk for the rights and freedoms of the data subjects concerned, the controller will have to communicate the breach also to them. In such a case, assistance from the Supervisory Authority will be available to the controller. Where feasible based on...

Match #37

95% similar

In a case of an incident with high risk for the rights and freedoms of data subjects concerned, the controller will have to communicate the breach also to them

<http://cdsutherland.blogspot.com/2018/03/general-data-protec...>
...The GDPR introduces a general reporting duty of the controller towards the Supervisory Authorities in case of a personal data breach. Such breach might occur by way of a technical or physical incident. The notification has to take place within a 72-hour time frame after becoming aware of the breach. **In case of an incident with a high risk for the rights and freedoms of the data subjects concerned, the controller will have to communicate the breach also to them**. In such a case, assistance from the Supervisory Authority will be available to the controller. Where feasible based on an entity's budget and resources, compliance with the GDPR might be implemented and monitored by way of a Data Protection Management System. It is an internal compliance system that will monitor...

Match #38

62% similar

Data protection regulations for e-commerce in the United States of AmericaAs stated in Section 2, there is no unified legal system for the protection of personal data in the United States of America

<http://web.archive.org/web/20201221130423/https://www.licksli...>

...ProtectionCorporate& TransactionsArbitrationSectorsMedia& En
tertainmentLife SciencesTelecom& IoTInfrastructureDefenseSect
orsMedia& EntertainmentLife SciencesTelecom& IoTInfrasturctur
eDefenseOur TeamEVENTSNews& EVENTSNewseventsPublication
sClient AlertHANDOUTSGAIR BLOGPPH GraphicsPdp GraphicsBRP
TO Documents& Charts ExaminationGuidelinesProsecutionCharts
BLOGBLOGComplianceGovernment Affairs &International Relatio
nsCONTACTContact usContact uswORK WITH USintranetclientsLic
ks Attorneys' Government Affairs& International Relations BlogDo
ing Business in Brazil: Political and economic landscapeLicks Atto
rneys' COMPLIANCE BlogAnd how about **the** privacy and **protect
ion of personal data in the United States of America?** Dece
mber 21, 2020No items found. **In** this unique year **of 2020**, **the** s
ignificant milestone **in the** area **of** privacy and **protection of p
ersonal data in the United States of America** undoubtedly t
he CCPA- California Consumer Privacy Act, which started to prote
ct the citizens of the State of California against commercial use o
f their personal data without their consent. But does privacy and
protection of personal data in the US come down to the CCPA onl
y? Of course not! In...

Match #39

84% similar

Also, entities established in other jurisdictions may be subject to both federal and state data protection laws for activities impacting USA residents and whose information are collected, hold, transmit, process or share

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...unauthorised access or acquisition of computerised data that c
ompromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal
information. 3. Territorial Scope 3. 1 Do the data protection laws
apply to businesses established in other jurisdictions? If so, in wh
at circumstances would a business established in another jurisdic
tion be subject to Businesses **established in other jurisdiction
s may be subject to both federal and state data protection
laws for activities impacting** United States **residents whose
information** the business collects, holds, transmits, processes **o
r** Principles 4. 1 What are the key principles that apply to the pro
cessing of personal data? Transparency The FTC has issued guide
lines espousing the principle of transparency, recommending tha
t businesses: (i) provide clearer, shorter, and more standardised
privacy notices that enable consumers to better comprehend pri
vacy practices; (ii) provide reasonable...

Match #40

71% similar

Transparency, lawful basis for processing, purpose limitation, data minimization, proportionality, and retention are the key principles defined in US data protection legislation, as they are in the GDPR

<https://www.pillsburylaw.com/images/content/1/1/v2/117865/D...>

...and reproduced with kind permission by Global Legal Group Ltd
, London U SA 4 Key Principles 4. 1 What are the key principles th
at apply to the processing of personal data? Transparency US dat
a protection statutes are focused generally on security of the dat
a. As such, the European principles **transparency, lawful basis
for processing, purpose limitation, data** minimisation, **prop
ortionality and data retention are** not addressed **in the** statu
tes. We note that there is guidance regarding a minimum period
of time **in** like employee records, must be retained, but there is n
ot necessarily a requirement for the destruction of those records
after that time has expired. This is left to a company's decision. L
awful basis for processing This is not applicable. Purpose limitati
on This is not applicable. Data minimisation This is...

Match #41

81% similar

and more standardized privacy notice/policy that enable consumers to better comprehend privacy practices; Providing reasonable access to the consumer data they maintain; and Expanding efforts to educate consumers about commercial data privacy practices

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...United States residents whose information the business collect
s, holds, transmits, processes or shares. 4. Key Principles 4. 1 Wh
at are the key principles that apply to the processing of personal
data? Transparency The FTC has issued guidelines espousing the
principle of transparency, recommending that businesses: (i) pro
vide clearer, shorter, **and more** standardised **privacy** notices **th
at enable consumers to better comprehend privacy practi
ces;** (ii) provide **reasonable access to the consumer data th
ey maintain that** is proportionate **to the** sensitivity of **the dat
a and the** nature of its use; **and** (iii) expand **efforts to educat
e consumers about commercial data privacy practices.** bas
is for processing While there is no "lawful basis for processing" re
quirement under U. S. law, the FTC recommends that businesses
provide notice to consumers of their data collection, use and sha
ring practices and obtain consent in limited circumstances where
the use of consumer data is materially different than claimed...

Match #42

78% similar

Despite the fact that according to the USA legislation there is no “lawful basis for processing” requirement, the FTC recommends that entities provide notice to consumers of their data collection, use and sharing practices and should obtain consent in limited circumstances (if sensitive data is collected)

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...(i) provide clearer, shorter, and more standardised privacy notices that enable consumers to better comprehend privacy practices; (ii) provide reasonable access to the consumer data they maintain that is proportionate to the sensitivity of the data and the nature of its use; and (iii) expand efforts to educate consumers commercial **data** privacy **practices. Lawful basis for processing** While **there is no "lawful basis for processing" requirement** under U. S. law, **the FTC recommends that** businesses **provide notice to consumers of their data collection, use and sharing practices and obtain consent in limited circumstances** where **the use of** consumer **data is** when the data was collected, or where sensitive data is collected for certain purposes. Purpose limitation The FTC recommends privacy-by-design practices that include limiting "data collection to that which is consistent with the context of a particular transaction or the consumer's relationship with the business, or as required or specifically...

Match #43

84% similar

The FTC also recommend privacy-by-design practices that include limiting data collection to that which is consistent with the context of the business

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...the FTC recommends that businesses provide notice to consumers of their data collection, use and sharing practices and obtain consent in limited circumstances where the use of consumer data is materially different than claimed when the data was collected, or where sensitive data is collected for certain purposes. Purpose **The FTC** recommends **privacy by design practices that include limiting "data collection to that which is consistent with the context of** a particular transaction or **the** consumer's relationship with the business, or as required or specifically authorized by law". Data minimisation See above. Proportionality See above. Retention The FTC recommends privacy-by-design practices that implement "reasonable restrictions on the retention of data", including disposal "once the data has outlived the legitimate purpose for which it was collected"....

Match #44

67% similar

Appointment of a Data Protection Officer is not required under USA special laws, contrary to what is stated in the GDPR

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...concerning the typical amount of time for the data broker registration process. 7. Appointment of a Data Protection Officer 7. 1 Is the appointment of a Data Protection Officer mandatory or optional? If the appointment of a Data Protection Officer is only mandatory in some circumstances, please identify those circumstances. **Appointment of a Data Protection Officer is not required under** U. S. law, but certain statutes require **the appointment** of an individual or individuals who are charged with compliance with the privacy and data security requirements under the statute. These include the GLBA, HIPAA, and the Massachusetts Data Security Regulation, for example. 7. 2 What are the sanctions for failing to appoint a Data Protection Officer where required? Potential...

Match #45

84% similar

Certain statutes, however, require the appointment or designation of an individual or individuals who are charged with enforcing the statute's compliance and data security requirements

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...of a Data Protection Officer 7. 1 Is the appointment of a Data Protection Officer mandatory or optional? If the appointment of a Data Protection Officer is only mandatory in some circumstances, please identify those circumstances. Appointment of a Data Protection Officer is not required under U. S. law, **certain statutes require the appointment or designation of an individual or individuals who are charged with compliance with the** privacy **and data security requirements** under **the** include the GLBA, HIPAA, and the Massachusetts Data Security Regulation, for example. 7. 2 What are the sanctions for failing to appoint a Data Protection Officer where required? Potential sanctions are statute/regulator-specific. 7. 3 Is the Data Protection Officer protected from disciplinary measures, or other employment consequences, in respect of...

Match #46

66% similar

As a result, the specific qualifications for the Data Protection Officer, his responsibilities, registration and notification to the relevant data protection authority, and the obligation to publish the name of the Data Protection Officer in the privacy notice or equivalent document are not defined

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...not applicable in our jurisdiction. 7. 4 Can a business appoint a single Data Protection Officer to cover multiple entities? This is not applicable in our jurisdiction. 7. 5 Please describe any specific qualifications for the Data Protection Officer required by law. This is not applicable in our jurisdiction. 7. What **are the responsibilities of the Data Protection Officer as** required by law **or** best practice? This is **not** applicable **in** our jurisdiction. 7. 7 Must **the appointment of a Data Protection Officer** be registered/notified **to the relevant data protection** authority(ies)? This is **not** applicable **in** our jurisdiction. 7. 8 Must **the Data Protection Officer** be named **in a** public facing **privacy notice or equivalent document?** This is **not** applicable **in**. Appointment of Processors 8. 1 If a business appoints a processor to process personal data on its behalf, must the business enter into any form of agreement with that processor? Under certain state laws and federal regulatory guidance, if a business shares certain categories of personal information with a...

Match #47

92% similar

Concerning the use of cookies, the federal Computer Fraud and Abuse Act has been used to assert legal claims against the use of cookies for behavioral advertising, where the cookies enable "deep packet" inspection of the computer on which they are placed

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...the Truth in Caller ID Act in connection with approximately 1 billion robocalls. Many states have their own deceptive practices statutes, which impose additional state penalties where violations of federal statutes are deemed to be deceptive practices under the state statute. 10. Cookies 10. 1 Please describe any legislative **on the use of cookies** (or similar technologies). **The federal Computer Fraud and Abuse Act has been used to assert legal claims against the use of cookies for behavioural advertising, where the cookies enable "deep packet" inspection of the computer on which they are placed.** least two states, California and Delaware, require disclosures to be made where cookies are used to collect information about a consumer's online activities across different websites or over time. The required disclosure must include how the operator responds to so-called "do not track" signals or other similar mechanisms. In addition,...

Match #48

100% similar

At least two states California and Delaware, require disclosures to be made where cookies are used to collect information about a consumer's online activities across different websites or over time

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...Please describe any legislative restrictions on the use of cookies (or similar technologies). The federal Computer Fraud and Abuse Act has been used to assert legal claims against the use of cookies for behavioural advertising, where the cookies enable "deep packet" inspection of the computer on which they are placed. **At least two states, California and Delaware, require disclosures to be made where cookies are used to collect information about a consumer's online activities across different websites or over time.** The required disclosure must include how the operator responds to so-called "do not track" signals or other similar mechanisms. In addition, the FTC Act and state deceptive practices acts have underpinned regulatory enforcement and private class action lawsuits against companies that failed to disclose or misrepresented their use of...

Match #49

100% similar

The required disclosure must include how the operator responds to so-called "do not track" signals or other similar mechanisms

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...of cookies for behavioural advertising, where the cookies enable "deep packet" inspection of the computer on which they are placed. At least two states, California and Delaware, require disclosures to be made where cookies are used to collect information about a consumer's online activities across different websites or over time. **The required disclosure must include how the operator responds to so called "do not track" signals or other similar mechanisms.** In addition, the FTC Act and state deceptive practices acts have underpinned regulatory enforcement and private class action lawsuits against companies that failed to disclose or misrepresented their use of tracking cookies. One company settled an action in 2012 with a payment of US\$22.5 million to the FTC,...

Match #50

85% similar

In this context, the FTC has stated that security measures for protecting personal data must be "reasonable," taking into account a number of factors such as the volume and sensitivity of data held by the entity, the size and complexity of the company's operations, and the cost of the tools available to address vulnerabilities

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...from monitoring their employees while they are engaged in protected union activities. 15. Data Security and Data Breach 15. 1 Is there a general obligation to ensure the security of personal data? If so, which entities are responsible for ensuring that data are kept secure (e. g., controllers, processors, etc.)? **In the consumer context, the FTC has stated that a company's data security measures for protecting personal data must be** "reasonable", **taking into account** numerous **factors, to** include **the volume and sensitivity of** information **the** company holds, **the size and complexity of the company's operations, and the cost of the tools that** are **available to address vulnerabilities**. federal statutes and certain individual state statutes also impose an obligation to ensure security of personal information. For example, the GLBA and HIPAA impose security requirements on financial services and covered healthcare entities (and their vendors). Some states impose data security obligations on certain entities that collect, hold or transmit...

Match #51

71% similar

Certain federal laws, as well as certain state laws, impose an obligation to ensure the security of personal data

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...stated that a company's data security measures for protecting personal data must be "reasonable", taking into account numerous factors, to include the volume and sensitivity of information the company holds, the size and complexity of the company's operations, and the cost of the tools that are available to address vulnerabilities. **Certain federal** statutes and **certain** individual **state** statutes also **impose an obligation to ensure security of personal** example, the GLBA and HIPAA impose security requirements on financial services and covered healthcare entities (and their vendors). Some states impose data security obligations on certain entities that collect, hold or transmit limited types of personal information. For example, the New York Department of Financial Services (NYDFS) adopted regulations in...

Match #52

78% similar

As we mentioned, there is no general legal requirement to report data breaches to the relevant data protection authority

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...statutes and certain individual state statutes impose an obligation to ensure security of personal information. The Federal Gramm Leach Bliley Act and HIPAA impose such requirements on financial services and covered health care entities. Some states impose data security obligations on any entities that collect, hold or transmit limited information. 15. 2 **Is there a legal requirement to report data breaches to the relevant data protection** If so, describe what details must be reported, to whom, and within what timeframe. If no legal requirement exists, describe under what circumstances the relevant data protection authority(ies) expects voluntary breach reporting. At the federal level, data breach notification requirements are imposed under the Privacy Act (applicable to federal...

Match #53

94% similar

Some states laws require reporting of data breaches to a state agency or attorney general under certain conditions

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...on a variety of issues including children's privacy, identity theft and telemarketing. State Attorneys General have, in some cases, offered resources on their websites for victims of identity theft and for companies suffering data security breaches. The Department of Health and Human Services has issued information on compliance with HIPAA. **Some state** statutes **require reporting of data breaches to a state agency or attorney general under certain conditions**. The information to be submitted varies by state but generally includes a description of the incident, the number of individuals impacted, the types of information exposed, the timing of the incident and the discovery, actions taken to prevent future occurrences, copies of notices sent to impacted individuals and any...

Match #54

97% similar

The information to be submitted varies by state but generally includes a description of the incident, the number of individuals impacted, the types of data exposed, the timing of the incident and the discovery, actions taken to prevent future occurrences, copies of notices sent to impacted individuals, and any services offered to impacted individuals, such as credit monitoring

<https://iclg.com/practice-areas/data-protection-laws-and-regula...>

...information that is required to be disclosed in SEC Commission filings, management should also consider whether there are any deficiencies in its disclosure controls and procedures that would render them ineffective. Some state statutes require the reporting of data breaches to a state agency or attorney general under certain conditions. **The information to be submitted varies by state but generally includes a description of the incident, the number of individuals impacted, the types of information exposed, the timing of the incident and the discovery, actions taken to prevent future occurrences, copies of notices sent to impacted individuals, and any services offered to impacted individuals, such as credit monitoring.** 15. 3 Is there a legal requirement to report data breaches to affected data subjects? If so, describe what details must be reported, to whom, and within what timeframe. If no legal requirement exists, describe under what circumstances the relevant data protection authority(ies) expect(s) voluntary breach reporting. At the...

Match #55

60% similar

Legal regulations on data protection regarding e-commerce in Republic of North MacedoniaIn a Balkan perspective, the area of personal data protection in the Republic of North Macedonia is regulated for the first time by the adoption of a special Law on Personal Data Protection in 2005 ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia No

<https://dijalogkoneu.mk/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2021/10...>

...their processing operations. Introduction This policy document provides an overview of the standards on personal data protection, as stipulated under the Law on Personal Data Protection ("Official Gazette of RNM" no. 42/20) and the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), in respect to planning, creating and introducing eservices by institutions, standing **on the path of the** institutions **in** introducing such standards. 1 PRIVACY **PROTECTION** AS INTEGRAL PART **OF** DEVELOPING QUALITY **E** SERVICES AND TOOLS 1. Alignment **of the** national legislation **in the field of personal data protection** with **the** EU acquis **In the Republic of North Macedonia, the** concept **of** privacy **protection** was **first** introduced **in 2005** with **the adoption of the Law on Personal Data Protection ("Official Gazette of RM" no. 7/05).**[1] **Adoption of this law** confirmed the country's commitment to align national legislation on personal data protection with the Directive 95/46 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of individuals with regard to processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data,[2] the Convention for the Protection of...

Match #56

67% similar

7/2005"), the provisions of which lay the foundations of the right to personal data protection in the Republic of Macedonia

<https://dijalogkoneu.mk/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2021/10...>

...i. e. the law enters into effect on August 24th, 2021. The new Law on Personal Data Protection is fully aligned with the General Data Protection Regulation 2016/679, accounting for partial attainment of the strategic goal no. 1 ("Republic of Macedonia is recognized as country that ensures adequate level **of personal data** protection") under **the** Strategy on Implementation **of the Right to Personal Data Protection in the Republic of Macedonia** 7-2022.[6] Full attainment of this strategic goal is expected in the upcoming period, by adopting relevant secondary legislation and aligning sectoral laws with the Law on Personal Data Protection. https://www.dzlp.mk/sites/default/files/pdf/Zakon_zastita_na_licnite_podatoci_2005.pdf <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=celex:31995L0046> <https://www.coe.int/en/web/conventions/full-list/-/conventions/rms/0900001680078b37> <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:02016R0679-20160504&from=EN> https://dzlp.mk/sites/default/files/u4/zakon_zastita_na_licnite_podatoci.pdf https://dzlp.mk/sites/default/files/dzlp_strategija_mk.pdf...

Match #57

65% similar

The legal framework for personal data protection in the Republic of North Macedonia is supplemented by the ratification of the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to

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...as integral part of developing quality e-services and tools 2 2008 Law on Ratification of the Additional Protocol to the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with Regard to Automated Processing of Personal Data Regarding Supervisory Authorities and Transborder Data Flows ("Official Gazette **of the Republic of Macedonia**" no. 103/08) 2016 General **Data Protection** Regulation 2016/679 2020 Law on **Personal Data Protection** ("Official Gazette **of** RNM" no. 42/20) 2005 Law on **Ratification of the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with Regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data** ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia" no. 7/05) 2005 Law on Personal Data Protection ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia" no. 7/05) For the purpose of further alignment with EU regulations, in February 2020 the Republic of North Macedonia adopted a new Law...

Match #58

76% similar

Automatic Processing of Personal Data, as well as the Law on Ratification of the Additional Protocol to the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to automatic processing of

<https://dijalogkoneu.mk/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2021/10...>

...process personal data of individuals who are EU citizens. [1] Available at: https://www.dzlp.mk/sites/default/files/pdf/Zakon_za_zastita_na_licnite_podatoci_2005.pdf [2] Available at: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=celex:31995L0046> [3] Available at: <https://www.coe.int/en/web/conventions/full-list/-/conventions/rms/0900001680078b37> [4] Available at: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:02016R0679-20160504&from=EN> [5] Available at: https://dzlp.mk/sites/default/files/u4/zakon_za_zastita_na_licnite_podatoci.pdf [6] Available at: https://dzlp.mk/sites/default/files/dzlp_strategija_mk.pdf Privacy ion **as** integral part **of** developing quality services and tools 2 2008 **Law on Ratification of the Additional Protocol I to the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with Regard to Automated Processing of Personal Data** Regarding Supervisory Authorities and Transborder Data Flows ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia" no. 103/08) 2016 General Data Protection Regulation 2016/679 2020 Law on Personal Data Protection ("Official Gazette of RNM" no. 42/20) 2005 Law on Ratification of the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with Regard to...

Match #59

64% similar

With the adoption of the new Personal Data Protection Law, there will be greater alignment with European regulations in the field of personal data protection, particularly the General Data Protection Regulation 2016/679

<https://dijalogkoneu.mk/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2021/10...>

...Protection of Individuals with Regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia" no. 7/05) 2005 Law on Personal Data Protection ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia" no. 7/05) For the purpose of further alignment with EU regulations, in February 2020 the Republic **of** North Macedonia adopted a **new Law on Personal Data Protection** ("Official Gazette **of** RNM" no. 42/20)[5] that implied a transitional period for full application **in** duration **of** 18 months, i.e. **the law** enters into effect on August 24th, 2021. **The new Law on Personal Data Protection** is fully aligned **with the General Data Protection Regulation 2016/679**, for partial attainment of the strategic goal no. 1 ("Republic of Macedonia...

Match #60

62% similar

The Law on Personal Data Protection regulates the right to personal data protection as a fundamental freedom and right of natural persons and clearly defines the scope of personal data protection, i

<https://dijalogkoneu.mk/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2021/10...>

...with citizens, thus making it necessary to find the right models for systems of personal data protection and security. Common denominator for all eservices that should be taken into account by all institutions is the need to secure continuous supervision of technical and organizational measures they implement in respect **to protection of personal data** relating **to** citizens that are subject **of** their processing operations. Introduction This policy document provides an overview **of the** standards **on personal data protection, as** stipulated under **the Law on Personal Data Protection** of RNM" no. 42/20) and the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), in respect to planning, creating and introducing eservices by institutions, and challenges standing on the path of the institutions in introducing such standards. 1 PRIVACY PROTECTION AS INTEGRAL PART OF DEVELOPING QUALITY E-SERVICES AND TOOLS 1. Alignment of the...

Match #61

87% similar

The law applies to all cases of fully or partially automated personal data processing

https://transparency.mk/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/fight_mo...

...in order to harmonize their work with the new regulations. The Law harmonises with the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679) ('GDPR') and sets out, among other things, principles related to data processing, lawful bases, and data subject rights., even though North Macedonia is not an EU Member State. **The Law applies to** wholly **or partially automated personal data processing**, controller or processor establishment in the territory of the Republic of North Macedonia, as well as whether the data is processed on the territory of the Republic of North Macedonia or beyond its borders. Also, the Law is almost entirely aligned with the GDPR, but derogations are mainly introduced in...

Match #62

60% similar

of personal data, genetic data, biometric data, and data related to human health; - Technical and integrated processing of personal data (data protection by design and by default); - Personal

<https://www.anonos.com/identifying-data-maybe-unlawful-gdpr...>
...servers on which processing occurs, due to the potential access to such data by third country government agencies. [4] Use Case 2: Transfer of Pseudonymised Data at Paragraphs 85- 89 of the EDPB Final Guidance. See also Italian university dissertation on this subject at https://www. SchremsII. com/epilogue. [5] mandatory obligations **to** implement **technical and** organizational controls that enforce the principles relating **to processing of personal data, data protection by design and** default, **and** security **of processing** to all processing- both internal and external to the EU. See GDPR Articles 5, 25 and 32 and Note 1, at Paragraphs 76 and 83. [6] See https://www. zdnet. com/article/amazon-fined-887-million-for-gdpr-privacy-violations/ [7] See https://www. wsj. com/articles/amazon-hit-with-record-eu-privacy-fine-11627646144 [8] As made clear in the case filed by Privacy International against Acxiom and...

Match #63

65% similar

data protection impact assessment (DPIA) and - The certification and code of conduct are introduced

<https://eridirect.com/files/GDPR-FAQ-Document-05312018.pdf>
...the destruction of hardware with personal data stored on the drives, it should highly consider establishing a Data Protection Officer role to establish systematic reviews and governance oversight. This person will be required to have "expert knowledge of data protection law and practices.". • ERI should conduct a full **Data Protection Impact Assessment** (DPIA). An article by Medium Corporation about GDPR Controllers **and** the following factors when conducting a DPIA 13 1. A systematic process of processing. 2. The purpose of the processing. 3. Assess the purpose and the process of processing. 4. Assess the risk related to individual's right to freedom. 5. Measures to mitigate possible risk. • Overall, enforcement action is...

Match #64

67% similar

The new Personal Data Protection Law promotes the principle of accountability, which requires controllers to be able to demonstrate compliance with the law

<https://globaldatareview.com/guide/the-guide-data-critical-asse...>
...the most comprehensive data protection laws in the world and is deemed by many to be the gold standard for laws regulating the processing of personal data. It is no surprise, therefore, that the drafting of data protection laws in many countries has been inspired by the GDPR.[3]One similarity GDPR and **the data protection** laws in many countries is **the** idea **of accountability, which** reflects **the** obligation **of the data** controller **to be** responsible for, and **to be able to demonstrate, compliance with the law**. words, simply complying with the law is not enough: data controllers must be able to effectively show that they are complying with the law. To do that, creating documentation is fundamental. In some situations, it may also be one of the main obligations of data controllers, such as having records...

Match #65

66% similar

In terms of the application of technical and organizational measures, a novel feature is that they are now designed and implemented in accordance with several criteria that take into account the nature, scope, context, and objectives of the processing, as well as the risks of varying probability and seriousness to natural persons' rights and freedoms

<http://arno.uvt.nl/show.cgi?fid=155418>
...risk should be understood broadly as referring to all the rights and freedoms of data subjects as intended in the European legislator's wording. 116 Recital 4 explains that, in the context of the GDPR, rights and freedoms are referred to: "all fundamental 114 Katerina Demetzou, 'Risks to the Rights **and Freedoms**' A Legal Interpretation **of the Scope of** Risk under **the** GDPR', in Data Protection **and** Privacy, Data Protection **and** Democracy 115 ibid 116 European Parliament **and of the** Council (n 9), Article 24(1) : "Taking **into account the nature, scope, context and** purpose **s of processing as well as the risks of varying** likelihood **and** severity for **the rights and freedoms of natural** persons..." 34 **rights and** observes **the freedoms and** principles recognized **in** the Charter as enshrined in the Treaties." The concept of risk is used in the GDPR as a criterion for forming legal obligations. This has led legal scholars to speak about the EU data protection legislation in terms of "riscification."117 Moreover, risk has emerged as a key criterion in the...

Match #66

61% similar

According to the "state of the art technology" approach, technical and integrated processing of personal data (Data protection by design and by default) is designed based on controller responsibilities;

<https://www.anonos.com/identifying-data-maybe-unlawful-gdpr...>
...location of the servers on which processing occurs, due to the potential access to such data by third country government agencies. [4] Use Case 2: Transfer of Pseudonymised Data at Paragraphs 85- 89 of the EDPB Final Guidance. See also Italian university dissertation on this subject at https://www. SchremsII. [5] **The** G DPR mandatory obligations **to** implement **technical and** organizational controls that enforce **the** principles relating **to processing of personal data, data protection by design and default, and security of processing** apply **to** all **processing** both internal **and** to the EU. See GDPR Articles 5, 25 and 32 and Note 1, at Paragraphs 76 and 83. [6] See https://www. zdnet. com/article/amazon-fined-887-million-for-gdpr-privacy-violations/ [7] See https://www. wsj. com/articles/amazon-hit-with-record-eu-privacy-fine-11627646144 [8] As made clear in the case filed by Privacy International against Acxiom and Oracle (data brokers), Equifax and Experian (credit reference...

Match #67

71% similar

which can be classified into two parts: first, at the time of defining the means of processing, as well as at the time of processing, to apply appropriate technical and

<https://irisbh.com.br/en/personal-data-and-anglicism-in-brazil-a...>
...default": Article 25. Data protection by design and by default Taking into account the most advanced techniques, the costs of their application, and the nature, scope, context and purposes of data processing, as well as the risks arising from the processing to the rights and freedoms of individuals, whose **the** controller applies, both **at the time of defining the means of processing and at the time of the processing** itself, **the appropriate technical and** measures, such as pseudonymisation, aimed at effectively applying the principles of data protection. data, such as minimization, and to include the necessary guarantees in the treatment, in a way that it complies with the requirements of this regulation and protects the rights of data subjects. The controller applies technical and...

Match #68

60% similar

Regarding the Data Protection Impact Assessment, which is also a significant novelty, the Law requires an impact assessment whenever new technologies are used for some type of personal data processing and, at the same time, taking into account the nature, scope, context, and objectives of the treatment, it is likely to pose a high risk to individuals' rights and freedoms

https://transparency.mk/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/fight_mo...
...Another data processing activity where the Agency's approval is required, is personal data transfers outside of North Macedonia to non-EU/EEA countries. The approval by the Agency should be obtained in addition to the application of one of the respective legal grounds for transfers as per the GDPR. Requirements to Agency Transfers **of personal data to** countries within **the EU/EEA are** subject **to** prior notification **of the** Agency. **The scope and** form **of** such notification **are** still unclear. **Data** controllers **are** further obliged **to** notify **the** Agency if **the processing of personal data is likely to pose a high risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals (taking into account the nature, scope, context and** purposes **of the** processing). **The** Agency would maintain **a** record **of** all such **risk processing** activities in **the** country. Special Requirements **for Data Protection** ("DPO") Only individuals who meet the locally set criteria can act as DPOs, in particular: the DPO shall be fluent in the North Macedonian language, shall have a completed higher educational degree and may not be impeded by a sentence, court order or administrative sanction from practicing a specific profession....

Match #69

66% similar

As a result, the Law requires that the assessment be carried out in the case of a systematic and comprehensive assessment of personal aspects relating to natural persons that is based on automatic processing, including profiling

<https://practiceguides.chambers.com/practice-guides/data-prot...>
...regular and systematic monitoring of data subjects on a large scale; or the core activities of the controller or the processor consist of the large-scale processing of special categories of data and personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences (Article 56 of the PDPA). Data Protection Impact AssessmentsThe data controller is also obliged **to** perform **a** data protection impact **assessment in** cases where any **of the** following occur: **a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects relating to natural persons that is based on automated processing, including profiling, and on** decisions are based that produce legal effects concerning the natural person or similarly significantly affect the natural person; large-scale processing of special categories of data or of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences; or systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale (Articles 54 and...

Match #70

62% similar

The Law strengthens the position of the Data Protection Officer and introduces an obligation for the controllers to always appoint a personal data protection officer when:the processing is performed

<http://web.archive.org/web/20220117135244/http://fox-electro...>
...contact the Personal Data Protection Officer in connection with all issues related to the processing of their personal data, as well as in connection with the exercise of their rights prescribed by th is Law. 12. 1 The relationship between the Company as the contr oller and a Personal Data Protection **Officer The** bodies **of the** C ompany **appoint a Personal Data Protection Officer** from am ong their employees. **The** Company, as **the** controller, has **the o bligation to** timely **and** appropriately include **the Personal Da ta Protection Officer** in all matters related **to the protection of personal data.** this obligation, the Company needs to enable this person to perform all obligations by providing him/her with t he necessary means to perform these obligations, access to pers onal data and processing operations, as well as his/her professio nal development. The company must provide the Personal Data Protection Officer with independence in the...

Match #71

74% similar

by the state authorities;the basic activities of the controller or processor consist of processing operations, which due to their nature, scope and / or objectives, require to a large extent

https://transparency.mk/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/fight_mo...
...not have an 53 obligation to appoint a Data Protection Officer (DPO) if (i) it does not have more than 10 employees, or (ii) the pr ocessing refers to the personal data of members of associations f ounded for political, philosophical, religious or trade-union purpo ses. The Law provides that the DPO have **to** be appointed when **t he** core **activities of the controller or processor consist of processing operations which, by their nature, scope or** pur pose, **require** regular **and** systematic monitoring **of** data subjec ts or processing of special categories of data or processing of per sonal data related to criminal convictions and criminal acts speci fied in the Law. Conclusion Article 16 of the Treaty on the Functio ning of the European Union (TFEU) conferred very broad compet ences to the Union to legislate on data...

Match #72

81% similar

regular and systematic monitoring of personal data subjects; orthe basic activities of the controller or processor consist of extensive processing of special categories of personal data or personal data related

<https://practiceguides.chambers.com/practice-guides/data-prot...>
...are obliged to designate if:the processing is carried out by a pu blic authority or body, except for courts acting in their judicial ca pacity;the core activities of the controller or the processor consis t of processing operations that- by virtue of their nature, their sc ope and/or their purposes- require **regular and systematic mo nitoring of data subjects** on a large scale; **orthe** core **activiti es of the controller or the processor consist of the** large sc ale **processing of special categories of data and personal d ata** and offences (Article 56 of the PDPA). Data Protection Impact AssessmentsThe data controller is also obliged to perform a data protection impact assessment in cases where any of the followin g occur: a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspec ts relating to natural persons that is based on automated process ing, including...

Match #73

60% similar

e., harmonize their work with the new Law on Personal Data Protection

https://transparency.mk/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/fight_mo...
...a new level of security in the use and processing of users' pers onal data. GDPR has raised awareness in relation to the concept of privacy, and the draconic sanctions have pressured the compa nies to strive to achieve a new level of security in using and proc essing personal data. In 2020, **the** Republic of North Macedonia adopted **the new Law on Personal Data Protection,** in order to harmonize the existing legal framework in the field of protecti on of personal data with the GDPR standards. The law prescribes a time period of 18 months in which the controllers and processors are obliged to comply their work with the provisions of the ne w law, that...

Match #74

60% similar

the personal data processing, as well as the risks, with varying probability and seriousness, to the rights and freedoms of natural persons (personal data subjects) arising from that processing, and

<http://arno.uvt.nl/show.cgi?fid=155418>

...fundamental 114 Katerina Demetzou, 'Risks to the Rights and Freedoms' A Legal Interpretation of the Scope of Risk under the GDPR', in Data Protection and Privacy, Data Protection and Democracy 115 ibid 116 European Parliament and of the Council (n 9), Article 24(1) : "Taking into account the nature, scope, purposes **of processing as well as the risks of varying** likelihood **and** severity for **the rights and freedoms of natural** persons..." 34 **rights and** observes **the freedoms and** principles recognized in **the** Charter **as** in the Treaties." The concept of risk is used in the GDPR as a criterion for forming legal obligations. This has led legal scholars to speak about the EU data protection legislation in terms of "riscification."¹¹⁷ Moreover, risk has emerged as a key criterion in the modified GDPR compliance scheme...

Match #75

78% similar

e., deletion of the different categories of personal data

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210420142236/https://saulesmie...>

...DATA SUBJECTS 6. 1. Before processing the Personal Data, the Data Controller shall provide the Data Subjects with the following information, in writing or by other means, including, where appropriate, in electronic form: (a) the name, details and contact details of the controller; (b) the purposes of the processing; (c) on **the** relevant **categories of Personal Data**; (d) the legal basis for the processing of personal data; (e) the period for which the personal data will be stored or, if that is not possible, the criteria for determining that period; (f) The right to request that the Data Controller grant access to the Personal Data of...

Match #76

66% similar

advise the controller or processor and the employees who perform processing in accordance with their obligations; to monitor compliance with the Law on Personal Data Protection, other relevant laws related

<https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/gdpr-data-protection-officer-ko...>

...privacy officers are like compliance officers (they can even be both in the compliance department). Less good combinations are e. g. head of Legal and DPOr, or CISO/BISO and DPOr. The tasks of the data protection officer (art. 39 GDPR): These are the minimum tasks:- To inform and **advise the controller (or processor) and the employees who** carry out **processing of their obligations to Privacy law; To monitor compliance with the GDPR (or other** privacy laws), including **the** assignment of responsibilities, awareness raising **and** training of staff, and the related audits;- To provide advice where requested as regards the Privacy Impact Assessments and monitor its performance;- To cooperate with supervisory authorities- To act as contact point for the supervisory authorities on processing issues (especially those where prior consultation of the supervisory...

Match #77

67% similar

nature, scope, context and objectives of processing, as well as risks with different degree of probability and seriousness of the rights and freedoms of individuals, are obliged to apply appropriate

<http://web.archive.org/web/20201201053727/https://www.dfele...>

...the regulations on data protection. Security The security measures adopted by DF Electric, S. A. are those required, in accordance with the provisions of article 32 of the RGPD. In this regard, DF Electric, S. A., taking into account the state of technology, the costs of application, and the **nature, scope, context, and** purposes **of the** data **processing, as well as the risks of** variable **probability and seriousness of the rights and freedoms of** natural persons, has established **the appropriate** technical **and** measures to ensure the level of security appropriate to the existing risk. In any case, DF Electric, S. A. has enough mechanisms in place to: Guarantee the permanent confidentiality, integrity, availability, and resilience of data processing systems and services. Quickly restore availability and access to personal data, in case of f...

Match #78

100% similar

technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk

<https://medium.com/golden-data/territorial-scope-of-eu-data-pr...>

...applicable, the processor shall maintain a record of all categories of processing carried out on behalf of a controller, as per Article 30(2). Where applicable, the processor shall, upon request, cooperate with the supervisory authority in the performance of its tasks, as per Article 31. The processor shall implement **technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk**, as per Article 32. The processor shall notify the controller without undue delay after becoming aware of a personal data breach, as per Article 33. Where applicable, the processor shall designate a data protection officer as per Articles 37 and 38. The provisions on transfers of personal data to...

Match #79

63% similar

On the other side, entities planning or dealing with e-commerce are required to apply appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security in accordance with the

<https://globaldatahub.taylorwessing.com/article/gdpr-cybersec...>

...HomeHot topicsArticlesNewsToolsVideosEventsServicesContact
GDPR cybersecurity and breach reporting requirementsDebbie Heywood sets out the main provisions around cybersecurity and breach reporting under the GDPR and looks at regulator guidance. GDPR covers **security and** breach reporting **in** relation **to** personal data **in** Articles 32-34. SecurityControllers **and** processors **are required to** implement **appropriate technical and** organisational **measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the** risk. **The** assessment of what might be appropriate involves considering the context and purposes of the processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of individuals. Appropriate measures are set out as possibly including;pseudonymisation and encryption;ensuring confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of processing systems...

Match #80

67% similar

Law on Personal Data Protection and taking into account the latest technological advances, implementation costs, and the nature, scope, context, and objectives of processing, as well as risks with varying

<https://caberseg.com/en/the-supreme-court-rules-on-security-...>

...a way as to ensure appropriate security of personal data, including protection against unauthorized or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, by implementing appropriate technical or organizational measures". But how to ensure that security? Well, the GDPR itself provides an answer: "Controllers and processors shall determine **and** adopt measures appropriate to **the** existing risk, **"Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation, and the nature, scope, context and** purposes **of the processing, as well as risks of varying** likelihood **and** to the rights and freedoms of natural persons." The problem with these provisions is obvious; at no time is the specific content of these measures specified. Instead, it is up to the data subjects themselves to carry out the relevant risk analysis and, consequently, to implement the necessary measures to...

Match #81

70% similar

degrees of probability and seriousness to individuals' rights and freedoms

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210420142236/https://saulesmie...>

...any other unlawful processing, both when establishing the Data Processing Measures and during the Data Processing itself. 14. 2. The controller must act taking into account the level of development of technical possibilities, implementation costs and the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing of personal data, as various probabilities **and seriousness of** the processing **of** personal data **to individuals' rights and freedoms**. 14. 3. Customized Personal Data Protection means that any new application or system that uses Personal Data must be designed with the protection of such Personal Data in mind. Privacy must be taken into account throughout the life of the program or system. 14. 4. The measures that should...

Match #82

62% similar

According to the Albanian Constitution, the protection of personal data in Albania is currently governed by Law "On the Protection of Personal Data no

<http://web.archive.org/web/20220331110234/https://www.hakl...>
...About the programme Logos and Guides Application Guidelines Application Documents Visibility Guide Rights Based Approach Tr ansparency Policy Data and Privacy Policy Branding and logos Gr antee CSOs Capacity Building& Support About Support Program me Mentoring and Expert Support Notice and consent text regar ding **the** processing **of personal data** What **is** LPPD? LPPD **is th e Law on the Protection of Personal Data no.** 6698 issued **in** order to protect the fundamental rights and freedoms of people, particularly the right to privacy, with respect to the processing of personal data, and to set forth obligations of natural and legal pe rsons who process personal data. Within the scope of the law, pe rsonal data is defined as "all the...

Match #83

61% similar

We consider that the special law, which incorporates and develop the main principles and standards of personal data control, as well as the role of the Data Protection Commissioner as the primary authority, thereby establishing a comprehensive regulatory and institutional framework for data privacy

<https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/bitstream/handle/10986/...>
...practices, and policies with respect to personal data• Individua l participation principle: the data subject should have the right to request data from a data controller or a confirmation of whether the data controller has personal data relating to the individual. If the data controller has such data, it provided to **the data** subjec t within **a** reasonable time, in **a** reasonable manner **and** in **a** for m **that** is readily intelligible to **the data** subject Accountability p rinciple: **the data** controller should be held accountable **for** abid ing with **principles of the** Guidelines 107 Albania has implemen ted an advanced **and comprehensive regulatory and institut ional framework for data privacy.** the EU, Albania adopted a new Law on Protection of Personal Data in 2008, which mandate d the establishment of the Information and Data Protection Com missioner (IDPC) as the main authority charged with policy maki ng and regulating personal data in Albania. The Law on Protectio n of Personal Data incorporates the main...

Match #84

66% similar

Moreover, a thorough examination of the law reveals that Albania follows the EU model by allowing personal data transfers to jurisdictions that provide an adequate level of protection on the basis of contractual obligations, allowing businesses to outsource some of their data management needs

<https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/bitstream/handle/10986/...>
...covers all main regulatory areas of digital privacy. First, specific rules govern sensitive personal data, such as political views, sex ual orientation, medical history, religion, or ethnical origin- there by safeguarding deeply personal values and preventing discrimin ation or other forms of misuse. Second, the law specifies that leg itimate reason is and processing **personal data. The** central req uirement is obtaining **the** consent **of the data** subject. In additi on **to** consent, **some** additional **basis** for **the** collection and proc essing **of data** is possible under **the law. Allowing** for **data to** be transferred and processed **on the basis of contractual obli gations** allows **businesses to outsource some of their data management needs,** or consumer analytics. A strong public pu rpose can override the need to seek consent. 65 Third, the law e nshrines the ability to retrieve one's personal information, reques t its amendment or demand its deletion as an essential right of d ata subjects. Fourth, the law includes guidance on the conditions for...

Match #85

100% similar

ability to retrieve one's personal information, request its amendment, or demand its deletion

<https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/bitstream/handle/10986/...>
...law. Allowing for data to be transferred and processed on the b asis of contractual obligations allows businesses to outsource so me of their data management needs, such as HR, payroll, or con sumer analytics. A strong public purpose can override the need t o seek consent. 65 Third, the law enshrines the **ability to retrie ve one's personal information, request its amendment or demand its deletion** as an essential right of data subjects. Four th, the law includes guidance on the conditions for data to be tra nsferred to other jurisdictions. In this context, Albania follows the EU model of allowing transfers of personal data to jurisdictions th at offer an "adequate level of protection". Transfer of personal da ta...

Match #86

60% similar

scope of the law on the controllers established in the Republic of Albania, the diplomatic missions or consular offices of the Albanian state and controllers who are not established in

https://www.etd.ceu.edu/2021/zotaj_sara.pdf

...also the enforcement one, Albanian legislation provides for the necessary protection of personal data. The necessary protection is supplemented by the secondary legislation adopted by the Council of Ministers and the Commissioner as well. The Law provides that it will be applicable to the processing of data by controllers **25 established in the Republic of Albania and controllers who are not established in the Republic of Albania** but that use equipment situated **in the Republic of Albania.** **26 The Law** has tried to cover **not** only **the** processing **of** data by **Albanian controllers,** but also by foreign **controllers** using equipment **in Albania,** but the Law does not clarify whether it applies to the processing of the data of Albanian citizens by controllers not established in Albania. Meanwhile the GDPR makes it clear its extraterritorial scope by applying even to companies that are not established in the EU, but "that use personal...

Match #87

100% similar

the Republic of Albania, making use of any equipment situated in the Republic of Albania

<http://web.archive.org/web/20220117221346/https://cms.law/e...>

...means of a personal data stored in a filing system, or intended to form part of a filing system. This law shall apply to the processing of personal data by: controllers established in the Republic of Albania; diplomatic missions or consular offices of the Albanian state; controllers who are not established in **the Republic of Albania, making use of any equipment situated in the Republic of Albania;** In circumstances stipulated in point 3, the controller designates a representative established in the territory of Albania. Stipulations of this law applying to controllers are also applicable to their representatives. This law applies also to the public authorities that process personal data. This law is not applicable to processing...

Match #88

82% similar

Beside this, in a comparative overview of the GDPR which extend its application in the context of the activities of an establishment of a controller or a processor in the Union, regardless of whether the processing takes place in the Union or not

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210421205831/https://practicalp...>

...whether there was a sufficient legal basis to serve the claims outside the UK. A key element of that inquiry was whether Forensic News's personal data processing underlying Soriano's data protection claims was subject to GDPR under Article 3. Article 3. 1, **GDPR** "applies to **the processing of** personal data **in the context of the activities of an establishment of a controller or a processor in the Union, regardless of whether the processing takes place in the Union or** 22 describes an establishment as implying "the effective and real exercise of activity through stable arrangements." Soriano argued that several factors showed Forensic News conducted such processing and had stable arrangements in the UK. These factors included Forensic News publishing its stories in English (the language used in the UK),...

Match #89

92% similar

As a result, the regulation applies to the processing of personal data of data subjects in the Union by a controller or processor not established in the Union, where

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210928000146/https://www.privacy...>

...of personal data in the context of the activities of an establishment of a controller or a processor in the Union, regardless of whether the processing takes place in the Union or not. Dossier: Establishment NEW: The practical guide PrivacyPlan explains all data protection obligations and helps you to be compliant. 2. This **Regulation applies to the processing of personal data of data subjects** who are **in the Union by a controller or processor not established in the Union, where** the processing activities are related to: (a) the offering of goods or services, irrespective of whether a payment of the data subject is required, to such data subjects in the Union; or (b) the monitoring of their behaviour as far as their behaviour takes place within the Union. 3. This...

Match #90

90% similar

the processing activities are related to the offering of goods or services to such data subjects in the Union, regardless of whether payment of the data subject is required, or

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210421205831/https://practicalp...>

...Goods or Services Criterion GDPR Article 3. 2 extends GDPR's territorial reach to organizations without an EU establishment under two circumstances. First, Article 3. 2(a) provides that GDPR applies to personal data processing of individuals located in the European Union by controllers or processors without an EU establishment "where **the processing activities are related to the offering of goods or services, irrespective of whether a payment of the data subject is required, to such data subjects in the Union.**" Soriano argued that Forensic News's offering of services to UK readers met that standard, relying on the same facts cited for his Article 3. 1 establishment argument. But that argument also failed to persuade the court. The court explained that "no more than cursory examination" of the facts showed...

Match #91

76% similar

monitoring of their behavior as far as their activity occur within the Union

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210928000146/https://www.privacy-regulation.eu/en/3.htm>

...are in the Union by a controller or processor not established in the Union, where the processing activities are related to: (a) the offering of goods or services, irrespective of whether a payment of the data subject is required, to such data subjects in the Union ; or (b) the **monitoring of their behaviour as far as their behaviour takes place within the Union.** 3. This Regulation applies to the processing of personal data by a controller not established in the Union, but in a place where Member State law applies by virtue of public international law. This page can also be addressed <https://www.privacy-regulation.eu/en/3.htm>. BG- CS- DA -...

Match #92

90% similar

Taking into consideration extraterritorial application of the GDPR, Albanian Law would have to reconsider the territorial scope of application to controllers not established in Albania, but that process data of Albanian citizens

https://www.etd.ceu.edu/2021/zotaj_sara.pdf

...abroad. 28 Even though the extraterritorial application of the GDPR might raise issues²⁹ because of the broad interpretation given to the clause, the GDPR has tried to clarify³⁰ that there are various factors to be considered in deciding whether the GDPR will apply to controllers not established in the Union. **Taking into consideration these clarifications of the GDPR, Albanian Law would have to reconsider the territorial scope of application to controllers not established in Albania, but that process data of Albanian citizens.** This **application** of the law for the processing of data of Albanian citizens should be seen in the light of the new technological developments, which make it easier for the processing of the data to happen everywhere, regardless of the physical presence in a specific territory. In order to adapt to these...

Match #93

100% similar

This application of the law for the processing of data of Albanian citizens should be seen in the light of the new technological developments, which make it easier for the processing of the data to happen everywhere, regardless of the physical presence in a specific territory

https://www.etd.ceu.edu/2021/zotaj_sara.pdf

...factors to be considered in deciding whether the GDPR will apply to controllers not established in the Union. Taking into consideration these clarifications of the GDPR, Albanian Law would have to reconsider the territorial scope of application to controllers not established in Albania, but that process data of Albanian citizens. **This application of the law for the processing of data of Albanian citizens should be seen in the light of the new technological developments, which make it easier for the processing of the data to happen everywhere, regardless of the physical presence in a specific territory.** In order to adapt to these rapidly changing technologies that enable the processing to take place everywhere, Albania would have to amend the law. The amendment is needed in order to equally protect all Albanian citizens, without making a difference on their rights just because the controller is not...

Match #94

100% similar

In order to adapt to these rapidly changing technologies that enable the processing to take place everywhere, Albania would have to amend the law

https://www.etd.ceu.edu/2021/zotaj_sara.pdf

...data of Albanian citizens. This application of the law for the processing of data of Albanian citizens should be seen in the light of the new technological developments, which make it easier for the processing of the data to happen everywhere, regardless of the physical presence in a specific territory. **In order to adapt to these rapidly changing technologies that enable the processing to take place everywhere, Albania would have to amend the law.** The amendment is needed in order to equally protect all Albanian citizens, without making a difference on their rights just because the controller is not established in Albania, but which nevertheless constitutes a breach of personal data. 28 Article 3(2) of the GDPR. 29 Toby Blyth and Jessica Yazbek,...

Match #95

100% similar

The amendment is needed in order to equally protect all Albanian citizens, without making a difference on their rights just because the controller is not established in Albania, but which nevertheless constitutes a breach of personal data

https://www.etd.ceu.edu/2021/zotaj_sara.pdf

...the new technological developments, which make it easier for the processing of the data to happen everywhere, regardless of the physical presence in a specific territory. In order to adapt to these rapidly changing technologies that enable the processing to take place everywhere, Albania would have to amend the law. **The amendment is needed in order to equally protect all Albanian citizens, without making a difference on their rights just because the controller is not established in Albania, but which nevertheless constitutes a breach of personal data.** 28 Article 3(2) of the GDPR. 29 Toby Blyth and Jessica Yazbek, Does the EU's General Data Protection Regulation have extra-territorial effect?, 16 November 2020. 30 Recital 23 of the General Data Protection Regulation. C E U e T D C o l l e c t i o n 5 CHAPTER II SPECIFIC...

Match #96

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As it was mentioned the consent of the data subject represents the declaration of the data subject’s will by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, which signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her

<http://web.archive.org/web/20210513222835/https://designit.ie...>

...the DPC will start issuing fines to companies that do not comply. Have you checked your website recently? Does it comply with the current ePrivacy and GDPR regulations? So what has actually changed since GDPR was introduced in 2018? The original law on cookies has not changed. What has is **the definition of consent to process personal data. The new definition of consent is: "it must be freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous, by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, which signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her". As a** of the revised regulation (ePrivacy directive), the user must: be able to consent to or reject having cookies set be provided with clear and comprehensive information about each cookie before consenting/rejecting be provided with the option to choose which cookies they are consenting to/rejecting be able to change/withdraw their consent...

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If the controller or processor processes personal data for the purpose of offering business opportunities or services, the data must be taken from a public list of data

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...came from publicly accessible sources, and that the term public domain has no relevance in data protection regulation. 40 The Regulation therefore recognizes the protection of personal data, even those collected through public sources. On the other hand, Article 6(3) of the Albanian Law states that the processing is **if the controller** carries out **personal data** processing **for the purpose of offering business opportunities or services**, provided that **the data** were **taken from a public list of data.** of the GDPR. 38 See the decision of the Polish Data Protection Authority (DPA) of 25 March 2019. 39 Article 6 of the Law no. 9877. 40 Article 14(2)(f) of the General Data Protection Regulation. C E U e T D C o l l e c t i o n 7 While in the...

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monitoring the adoption of "transparency programs" on the use of personal data by public authorities and supervising compliance by individual firms, either by investigating complaints received from individuals or conducting

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...among ordinary Albanians and small businesses. Concerns about how personal data is being used and protected have hindered the wide adoption of e-government services in Albania. 66 Most of IDPC's focus is geared toward promoting implementation of data protection rules by government and private entities. To that end, it **the adoption of "transparency programmes" on the use of personal data by public authorities and oversees compliance by individual firms either by investigating complaints received from individuals or by conducting** own ex officio investigations. IDPC's outreach to civil society supports these goals. Yet consultations with stakeholders and experts suggests that the level of awareness of Albania's data protection regimes by individuals and small businesses (including those in the IT sector) remains low, curtailing individuals' trust in Albania's e-commerce and other...

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their own ex officio investigations. However, consultations with stakeholders and experts indicate that individual and small business awareness of Albania's data protection regimes remains low, limiting individuals' trust in Albania's e-commerce and other digital firms

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...is geared toward promoting implementation of data protection rules by government and private entities. To that end, it monitors the adoption of "transparency programmes" on the use of personal data by public authorities and oversees compliance by individual firms either by investigating complaints received from individuals or by conducting **their own ex officio investigations**. IDPC's outreach to civil society supports these goals. Yet **consultations with stakeholders and experts** suggests **that** the level **of awareness of Albania's data protection regimes** by **individuals and small** businesses (including those **in** the IT sector) **remains low**, curtailing **individuals' trust in Albania's e-commerce and other digital firms**. Strengthen **data** protection awareness-raising campaigns targeting ordinary Albanians and small businesses: IPDC may consider strengthening its awareness-raising campaigns as a tool to both incentivize implementation by firms and to promote trust in Albania's emerging e-commerce sector. Public and private sector stakeholders could collaborate periodically to share information on privacy and cybersecurity risks...

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privacy laws and Federal Trade Commission settlements with companies, albeit in weaker, less prescriptive forms

<https://docslib.org/doc/1365976/gdpr-eu-regulations-pdf>

...consistent regulatory development in information policy in a generation. GDPR puts personal data into a complex and protective regulatory regime. However, the ideas contained in GDPR are not entirely European nor new. THE protection of GDPR can be found- albeit in weaker, less prescriptive forms- in U. S. **privacy laws and nd federal trade commission settlements with companies**. Although many **companies and** prepare and this, they changed their privacy policies and functions around the world just before the introduction of GDPR, and usually provided emails and other notifications discussing these changes. This has been criticized for leading to a quenching number of messages, while experts noted that some email reminders incorrectly argued...

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They deal with e-commerce by implementing appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security in accordance with the Law on Personal Data Protection, taking into account

<https://www.salesforce.com/news/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2...>

...further. Portability of personal data: Data subjects also now have the right, in certain circumstances, to receive the personal data that they have provided to a Controller in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format. Salesforce's data processing addendum takes into account these expanded and new rights. 3. Security measures: **The** GDPR requires Controllers **and** Processors **to** implement **appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the** risks presented. At Salesforce, we have robust **security measures in** place that meet **the** standards in the industry. For some of our services, we have security certifications including the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 27001 and 27018 standard, the American Institute of CPAs' (AICPA) System and Organization Controls (SOC) reports, the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards (PCI), the TÜV Rheinland Certified Cloud Service,...